SAFETY DATA SHEET

Brass Spray

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	: Brass Spray
UFI	: VX80-T0JA-N00N-MXKE
Product code	: 111020
Color	: GoldOrange.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Aerosol product	

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 255 48157 Münster Germany Phone: +49 251 93220 Fax: +49(0)251 / 9322 - 244 Internet: www.weicon.de e-mail address of person : msds@weicon.de responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Telephone number	: EMERGENCY CONTACT – UK, UAE, South Africa (24h): Tel: ++44 1865 407333
	(English) TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - UK, UAE, South Africa (24h): Tel: ++44 1865 407333(English)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word

Hazard pictograms

Date of issue/Date of revision



WEICON

Brass Spray	
SECTION 2: Hazards	s identification
Hazard statements	 H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing dust or mist. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 P405 - Store locked up. P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.
Hazardous ingredients	: acetone ethyl acetate
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and	: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

articles

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Aspiration hazard - Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
zcetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10.08.2021 Date of previous issu	e : 29.01.2021	Version : 3	2/2

SECTION 3: Compositio	CAS: 141-78-6		EUH066	
propane	Index: 607-022-00-5 REACH #: 01-2119486944-21 EC: 200-827-9 CAS: 74-98-6 Index: 601-003-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280	[2]
outane	REACH #: 01-2119474691-32 EC: 203-448-7 CAS: 106-97-8 Index: 601-004-00-0	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280	[2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
copper	REACH #: 01-2119480154-42 EC: 231-159-6 CAS: 7440-50-8	≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
zinc powder zinc dust (stabilised)	REACH #: 01-2119467174-37 EC: 231-175-3 CAS: 7440-66-6 Index: 030-001-01-9	≤5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
amines, hydrogenated tallow alkyl	REACH #: 01-2120089693-42 EC: 262-976-6 CAS: 61788-45-2 Index: 612-284-00-9	<1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373 (gastrointestinal tract, immune system, liver) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any imme	diate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
5.2 Special bazarde arieing f	from the substance or mixture

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Data of issue/Data of revision		: 10.08.2021 Data of provinus issue : 20.01.2021 Version : 2 5/2

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections	See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

information on hygiene measures.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a	150 tonne	500 tonne
E1	100 tonne	200 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient	name		Exposure limit	values		
zcetone		TWA: 1200 mg/ PEAK: 2400 mg/ TWA: 500 ppm 8 PEAK: 1000 ppm DFG MAC-values TWA: 500 ppm 8	/m ³ 15 minutes. 3 hours. n 15 minutes. s list (Germany, 8/20 3 hours. n, 4 times per shift, 1			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10.08.2021	Date of previous issue	: 29.01.2021	Version	:3	6/20

		DEAK: 2400 ma/m3	A times per shift	15 minutos	
		PEAK: 2400 mg/m ³	³ , 4 times per shift,	15 minutes.	
ethyl acetate		TRGS 900 OEL (Ge	rmany, 10/2020).		
		TWA: 730 mg/m ³ 8			
		PEAK: 1460 mg/m ³			
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 h			
		PEAK: 400 ppm 15		201	
		DFG MAC-values li TWA: 200 ppm 8 h		.0).	
			times per shift, 15 i	minutes	
		TWA: 750 mg/m ³ 8	•	initiates.	
			³ , 4 times per shift,	15 minutes.	
propane		TRGS 900 OEL (Ge	rmany, 10/2020).		
		TWA: 1800 mg/m ³			
		PEAK: 7200 mg/m ³			
		TWA: 1000 ppm 8			
		PEAK: 4000 ppm 1			
		DFG MAC-values li		20).	
		TWA: 1000 ppm 8			
			4 times per shift, 15) minutes.	
		TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ PEAK: 7200 mg/m ³	⁸ , 4 times per shift,	15 minutes.	
			•		
butane		TRGS 900 OEL (Ge			
		TWA: 2400 mg/m ³			
		PEAK: 9600 mg/m ³ TWA: 1000 ppm 8			
		PEAK: 4000 ppm 1			
		DFG MAC-values li		9).	
		TWA: 1000 ppm 8		•):	
			times per shift, 15	o minutes.	
		TWA: 2400 mg/m ³			
		PEAK: 9600 mg/m ³	³ , 4 times per shift,	15 minutes.	
copper		DFG MAC-values li	st (Germany, 7/201	19).	
			, 4 times per shift, 1		1:
		respirable fraction			
		TWA: 0.01 mg/m³ 8	3 hours. Form: respi	irable fraction	
zinc powder zinc dust (stabilise	d)	DFG MAC-values li			
			ours. Form: inhalabl times per shift, 15 r		halahla
		fraction	umes per shint, 151	minutes. Form. In	Talable
			4 times per shift, 15	5 minutes. Form:	respirabl
		fraction	· ····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8	hours. Form: respire	able fraction	
Recommended monitoring : procedures		ct contains ingredients w or biological monitoring			
nocedules		ation or other control mea			
		uipment. Reference sho			
		European Standard El			
		ent of exposure by inhal			
		and measurement strate			
		s - Guide for the applicat			
		to chemical and biologic atmospheres - General r			
		surement of chemical age			
	documents f	or methods for the deter			
DNELs/DMELs	required.				
ate of issue/Date of revision					

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1210 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2420 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
ethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
copper	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	20 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	20 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	137 mg/kg	General	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Lo non d. Exposure controls/personal protection					
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	273 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	273 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
zinc powder zinc dust (stabilised)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	ires	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®/butyl rubber

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Aerosol.
Color	:	GoldOrange.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Lower: 2.2% Upper: 15%
Flash point	:	Closed cup: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Miscible with water	:	No.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	1	7∕40 kPa (5550.5 mm Hg)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Density	:	0.76 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Explosive properties	1	Not available.
Oxidizing properties	:	Not available.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.
Date of issue/Date of revision	:1	0.08.2021 Date of previous issue : 29.01.2021 Version : 3 10/20

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Fire point	: >400°C
SADT	: Not available.
SAPT	: Not available.
Heat of combustion	: 25.32 kJ/g
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
Oral	6666.67 mg/kg		

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 10.08.2021 Date of previo	us issue : 29	.01.2021	Versi	on :3 11/2

Solvent naphtha (petroleum) light arom.	, Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
zinc powder zinc dust (stabilised)	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
amines, hydrogenated tallow alkyl	Category 2	-	gastrointestinal tract, immune system, liver

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
amines, hydrogenated tallow alkyl	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential	acute	health	<u>effects</u>

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion :	No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 10.08.2021 Date of previous issue	: 29.01.2021 Version	:3 13/2

SECTION 12: Ecological information

SECTION 12: Ecolog	ical information		
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	32 days
copper	Acute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute IC50 13 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - Plantae - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipoda - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.56 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Periophthalmus waltoni - Adult	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia closterium - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cambarus bartonii - Mature	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.8 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	6 weeks
zinc powder zinc dust (stabilised)	Acute EC50 0.005 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute IC50 65 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia closterium - Exponential growth phase	4 days
	Acute LC50 65 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 68 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10.08.2021 Date of previous issue	: 29.01.2021 Version	:3 14/20

SECTION 12: Ecological information			
	Acute LC50 12.21 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Periophthalmus waltoni - Adult	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 27.3 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic EC10 59.2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 178 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemon elegans	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2.6 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	4 weeks
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	·	•

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

•

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0.23	-	low
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalog	ue (EWC)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

	Waste code	Waste designation
	16 05 04*	gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances
Packaging Methods of disposal		 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
	Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)
	15 01 04	metallia poelegging

15 01 04	metallic packaging
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers
	or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	-		
	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	W N1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	A EROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., copper	Yes. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., copper	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information	
ADR/RID	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Limited quantity 1 L Special provisions 190, 327, 625, 344 Tunnel code (D) ADR Classification Code: 5F
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
ΙΑΤΑ	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. <u>Special provisions</u> A145, A167, A802
14.6 Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - Germany

Brass Spray

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Restrictions on Manufacture, Marketing and Use

Product name	CAS #	%	Restriction
butane	106-97-8	10 - 25	28, 29
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	5 - 10	3, 28
Isobutane	75-28-5	0.01 - 1	28, 29
amines, hydrogenated tallow alkyl	61788-45-2	0.01 - 1	3

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Listed
Ozone depleting substance	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

2

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Aerosol dispensers



VOC content VOC (g/L) Extremely flammable

: 755.7

98.82 %

:

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category		
P3a		
E1		

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
acetone	DFG MAC-values list	Acetone	RE2	-
ethyl acetate	DFG MAC-values list	Ethyl acetate	Listed	-
propane	DFG MAC-values list	Propane	Listed	-
butane	DFG MAC-values list	Butane (both isomers)	Listed	-
copper	DFG MAC-values list	Copper and its inorganic compounds	Listed	-
zinc powder zinc dust (stabilised)	DFG MAC-values list	Zinc and its inorganic compounds (inhalable fraction) / (respirable fraction)	Listed	-

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 2B

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

1.2.3.1
1.3.1
-

Hazard class for water

Technical instruction on : TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 45-100% air quality control TA-Luft Class III - Number 5.2.2: 6-15% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0-1%

International regulations

Chemical Weapo	n Convention	List Schedules	I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.			

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

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Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment	: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration PBN = REACH Registration Number
	RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if
	heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 16: Other	^r information	
Acute Tox. 4		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aerosol 1		AEROSOLS - Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Gas 1A		FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A
Flam. Liq. 2		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Press. Gas (Comp.)		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Skin Irrit. 2		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
		Category 3
Date of printing	: 10.08.2021	
Date of issue/ Date of	: 10.08.2021	
revision		
Date of previous issue	: 29.01.2021	
Version	: 3	
Notice to reader		

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.